

# **Supportive and Palliative Care** Indicators Tool (SPICT™)



The SPICT™ is a guide to identifying people at risk of deteriorating health and dying. Assess these people for unmet supportive and palliative care needs.

## Look for two or more general indicators of deteriorating health.

- Performance status is poor or deteriorating (the person is in bed or a chair for 50% or more of the day); reversibility is limited.
- Dependent on others for most care needs due to physical and/or mental health problems.
- Two or more unplanned hospital admissions in the past 6 months.
- Significant weight loss (5-10%) over the past 3-6 months, and/ or a low body mass index.
- Persistent, troublesome symptoms despite optimal treatment of underlying condition(s).
- Patient asks for supportive and palliative care, or treatment withdrawal.

# Look for any clinical indicators of one or more advanced conditions

#### **Cancer**

Functional ability deteriorating due to progressive metastatic cancer.

Too frail for oncology treatment or treatment is for symptom control.

## **Dementia/ frailty**

Unable to dress, walk or eat without help.

Eating and drinking less; swallowing difficulties.

Urinary and faecal incontinence.

No longer able to communicate using verbal language; little social interaction.

Fractured femur; multiple falls.

Recurrent febrile episodes or infections; aspiration pneumonia.

# **Neurological disease**

Progressive deterioration in physical and/or cognitive function despite optimal therapy.

Speech problems with increasing difficulty communicating and/ or progressive swallowing difficulties.

Recurrent aspiration pneumonia; breathless or respiratory failure.

#### **Heart/ vascular disease**

NYHA Class III/IV heart failure, or extensive, untreatable coronary artery disease with:

 breathlessness or chest pain at rest or on minimal exertion.

Severe, inoperable peripheral vascular disease.

### Respiratory disease

Severe chronic lung disease with:

breathlessness at rest or on minimal exertion between exacerbations.

Needs long term oxygen therapy.

Has needed ventilation for respiratory failure or ventilation is contraindicated.

### **Kidney disease**

Stage 4 or 5 chronic kidney disease (eGFR < 30ml/min) with deteriorating health.

Kidney failure complicating other life limiting conditions or treatments.

Stopping dialysis.

#### Liver disease

Advanced cirrhosis with one or more complications in past year:

- diuretic resistant ascites
- hepatic encephalopathy
- hepatorenal syndrome
- bacterial peritonitis
- recurrent variceal bleeds

Liver transplant is contraindicated.

# Review supportive and palliative care and care planning

- Review current treatment and medication so the patient receives optimal care.
- Consider referral for specialist assessment if symptoms or needs are complex and difficult to manage.
- Agree current and future care goals, and a care plan with the patient and family.
- Plan ahead if the patient is at risk of loss of capacity.
- Record, communicate and coordinate the care plan.

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